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REMINISCENT LA FOLLETTE VERY BUSY

The Senator's Review of Thirty Year Political War in the Course of Preparation

OSTENSIBLE PURPOSE OF WASHINGTON STAY

Suspicion That He Is Laying Plans for Early Future Rather Than in Dreaming of the Past

(By Victor Elliott.)

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—Undaunted by the long and extra session of congress just closed, Senator LaFollette of Wisconsin will brave the hot weather of the city and remain in Washington for several months working on a review of the public affairs for the past thirty years as he has seen them. Senator LaFollette is one of the few members of congress whose capacity for pleasure in hard work will cause him to forsake a pleasure trip to the mountains or the sea shore. Even during these hot days which Washington has already experienced, the ambitious senator from Wisconsin, has secluded himself either in his home or in his office in the capitol, working industriously upon his political review of the past.

There are many in Washington who scoff at the idea of Senator LaFollette remaining here entirely for the purpose of working on this review. They say that if his real purpose is to remain here to write he would have sought some secluded spot in the mountains or some quiet sea shore, where he could write without interruption. These men, and many of them are close to the senator, claim that he is here preparing for the battle that he is to wage next year in the senate. In addition they claim that he is quietly formulating plans by which he hopes to gain control of the next Republican convention and succeed in nominating some progressive republican for president. No one any longer doubts that a bitter battle for control of the convention between the stand-patters and the progressives will be waged.

Certain Candidate

While Senator LaFollette has not openly announced his candidacy for the presidency, it cannot be denied that he is ambitious and that as a leader of the progressives, if they should gain control of the convention, he would be their logical choice. It is known that the progressives are bound by a pledge to support to the last ditch one of their number who they deem would make the best fight, and that the one they choose must accept the nomination whether he considers it desirable or not. Republicans consider that Senator LaFollette is as much in the field seeking the nomination as if he had made a declaration of his candidacy.

There exists between the progressive republicans and the stand-patters a bitter animosity, and in the intervening months between now and the opening of the next session of congress it may be expected that every state that presents the slightest appearance for the debatable ground, a campaign will be carried on for the purpose of securing LaFollette candidates.

It is generally conceded that, should the progressives again control the convention, LaFollette will be there for president, although Senator Cummings of Iowa, and Senator Clapp of Minnesota have been mentioned in that connection. While the progressives refuse to disclose any of their plans for gaining control of the convention, they make no secret of the fact that they intend waging a bitter fight against the administration. Senator Borah of Idaho, one of the insurgents, in the senate, when asked who the possible candidate would be said: "I think that you will make no mistake in picking Bob LaFollette. He is a fearless fighter, and well deserves the name of 'Fighting Bob.' He will make a fight regardless of the chances of victory."

Men Who Know How

The campaign of the progressives will be waged by skilled politicians and in this campaign LaFollette himself—a politician whose skill is not disputed in any quarter—will keep in close touch with the happenings and direct the fight. Funds will not be lacking to prosecute the campaign and while the Wisconsin senator realizes that it is an uphill fight, this will not deter him from carrying through to a finish.

Senator LaFollette on entering upon this fight has not reckoned wildly. He has given careful consideration to every case against him. No man in the country understands the obstacles which must be overcome to give him the nomination better than he. He is not so blind as to see that indications point to the re-nomination of President Taft. Senator LaFollette in his struggles for the governorship of Wisconsin learned one lesson that few politicians learn, and that is not to fear defeat, that through defeat success is accomplished. As an instance of this Senator LaFollette points to his defeat as a candidate for governor. Four successive times he

TWO BOY HUNTERS WERE HUNTED DOWN

One Mysteriously Dead and Brother for a Time Unaccountably Missing

ABERDEEN, Wash., Sept. 5.—The body of the fifteen year old son of Henry Bauer, a farmer was found in a lonely spot twenty miles northeast of Montesano today, with a bullet wound in his head. The corpse was covered with leaves. The discovery created a sensation hereabouts.

The boy with his brother went bear hunting on Sunday. Neither returned, and the whereabouts of the brother is still a mystery. John Turno, an uncle, who lived the life of a hermit has also disappeared.

When the boys failed to come home on Sunday Sheriff Payett sent a posse with dogs to follow their trail. The dogs lead to the carcass of a dead bear, and a short distance father on, found the boy's body.

Later the body of the other boy, was found covered with leaves like the first. They were twins. The latter had a bullet hole in the head, the same as his brother, which indicated the manner of death. Tonight posers are scouring the dense woods for Turno who is thought to be hiding in the Wynoche country. He is regarded as insane, though he was thought to be harmless. He has not left the woods in the past twenty months. Officers believe he will not give up without a desperate fight.

COTTON CONVENTION TO HOLD UP PRICE

SHAWNEE, Sept. 5.—With the opening today of the Farmers' National co-operative association, came a flood of telegrams from commercial clubs, business houses and bankers pledging their support to any plan the association may formulate to hold up the price of cotton.

While nothing official was given out regarding the price farmers will be asked to place on cotton, it is said the convention probably will agree on 13 or 15 cents.

BOMB THROWER CAUGHT WITH GOODS

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.—The police today arrested a young Italian with a bomb under his coat, all ready for use, and through him the police believe they will be able to trace the perpetrators of several recent bomb outrages.

The prisoner carried a bomb shaped like a catalpa, with an eight inch fuse attached.

ran for the office and was defeated, but he continued to be a candidate until success crowned his efforts. Friends of LaFollette who are close to him and who pin their faith to him say: "Who knows but what if defeated he will again seek it and successfully in 1916." They point to the fact that LaFollette is a fighter and the sting of defeat has no terrors for him.

The LaFollette Move
Senator LaFollette has reasons aside from his personal ambitions for seeking the nomination. He is going into the campaign for another motive, the strengthening and binding together of the insurgents. He is confident that the progressive party will receive unexpected support, and that this will encourage them from all over the country and tend to keep them organized both in congress and in the country at large.

The thing that Senator LaFollette has been most insistent upon is that President Taft shall not be allowed to walk away with the nomination without a protest. The fight at the next republican convention will be a fight against Taft. It will not be fought so much for principles. The insurgent views are in accord with the republican platform except perhaps on the tariff question.

The man above all others whom LaFollette would gladly have supported for president had he lived was Senator Dolliver. Recently in a conversation with close friends, LaFollette in speaking of the former senator, said: "Had Dolliver lived, nothing could have kept him from being president."

Among the reasons that are causing LaFollette to make a fight for the nomination is the feeling that, while chances are against his own nomination, the republican convention may find itself in a position where it will be necessary to effect a compromise between himself and Taft. In such a situation, a progressive might stand a chance, and Senator LaFollette would deem even that chance a victory.

The matter of forcing insurgent ideas into the republican platform and shaping the platform so as to meet the views of the insurgents as nearly as possible are being considered. What all this will come to is a matter of guesswork, but it is certain a bitter fight is being waged and will be kept up by the insurgents upon the administration.

INSANE ASYLUM WAS SCORCHED IN FIERCE FIRE

Phoenix Institution Was Damaged Yesterday to the Extent of \$50,000

CARELESSNESS OF AN INMATE

Patients All Escaped Without Injury But Two Attendants Were Overcome by Intense Heat

PHOENIX, Sept. 5.—The territorial asylum for the insane suffered a financial loss of \$50,000 by fire this morning. It is supposed that the fire was caused by the carelessness of a patient engaged in repairing a dumb waiter. The first started in the administration building to which the east and the west wing are attached by corridors. The building on the east wing was destroyed, and the west wing was badly damaged.

This triple structure housed 160 patients, including the violent ward, but due to the fine discipline, none was injured. There are 378 patients in the asylum, but more than 200 were in buildings not affected by the fire.

When the fire was discovered word was sent to Phoenix, three miles distant, and an engine and hose cart were sent within half an hour. The engine pumped from a water pond on the asylum grounds, materially assisting the asylum brigade in preventing a spread of the flames.

Governor Sloan immediately called out a company of militia to aid in guarding the patients on the grounds. Tonight all are safely housed, though somewhat crowded. Two attendants were overcome by heat, but were soon restored.

The triple building which suffered the loss was built twenty-five years ago at a cost of \$80,000. It was of brick, but of late years was constantly in need of repairs. The insurance is about \$25,000. An appropriation of \$50,000 is now available for improvements, and this, together with the insurance, will enable new construction to begin at once.

BISBEE CITIZEN LOST BROTHER

Dennis Harrington Perished in Burning Hotel at Juneau, Alaska

STILL SEARCHING FOR DEAD

JUNEAU, Sept. 5.—Seven persons are known to be dead, and the police are still searching the debris for others believed to have lost their lives in the fire which destroyed the Juneau Hotel and McGrath building on Sunday night.

The known dead: Nick Boce, a hotel cook; Walter Davenport of Tacoma; Alma S. Godberg of Los Angeles; Dennis Harrington, who has brothers at San Francisco and Bisbee, Arizona; William Morrison, day clerk at the hotel; William A. Southworth of Lansing, Mich.; a woman, unidentified.

Every person in the hotel lost all his baggage and personal effects. Many appeared on the streets about midnight, their night clothing having been burned from their backs as they ran through the halls or jumped from the building.

The authorities have no way of checking guests and there is no way of telling how many were lost, though best estimates say that four or five are still in the ruins. The hotel register burned, and the death of Day Clerk Morrison makes it absolutely impossible to tell how many were in the building.

BOY'S CHANCE SHOT.

BAKERSFIELD, Sept. 5.—Sitting on the bank of the Kern River Mill Canal, Edgar McQuee aged fourteen, fired a shot in the water with a .32 rifle, and the ball glanced and went through the heart of Leonard Sheltenberger, aged 16 who was swimming. It was sometime before the crowd on the bank knew where the bullet had gone. Both boys were of prominent families.

TAMA JIM ROASTED.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Sept. 5.—James Wilson, secretary of agriculture, came in for another "roast" from the church people of Colorado last night, when the executive committee of the Colorado Christian Endeavor union in resolutions denounced him for accepting the honorary presidency of the Brewers' exposition at Chicago.

WALLA WALLA'S COLDEST DAY.
WALLA WALLA, Sept. 5.—Dropping to 51 degrees, the mercury today recorded the coldest day since the establishment of the weather bureau here thirty-eight years ago. A cold, drizzling rain fell the past two days.

WASHINGTON WOMEN REJECT PRIVILEGE ON FIRST OFFERING

After Having Been Recently Made Full Fledged Citizens

LINE DRAWN AT JURY DUTY

SEATTLE, Sept. 5.—Of the twenty-three women called for jury duty in King county, Mrs. Jennie Gordon is the only one that remains on the list. The others were excused when they urged pleas of sex exemption.

Mrs. Gordon expressed a willingness to serve, though challenged by counsel in the first case. She will remain in court ready to be called again.

These Accepted

BELLINGHAM, Wash., Sept. 5.—Six women and six men compose the first jury sworn to try the first case docked for the September term of court. Ten of the September venire of women all qualified. Rooms have been prepared for the women jurors in case it is necessary to lock up the jury over night. A woman bailiff will be employed.

PRESIDENTS ROUTE FINALLY MAPPED

His 13,600 Mile Trip Through 24 States and Hundreds of Towns

ARIZONA OFF THE COURSE

BEVERLY, Sept. 5.—The route along which President Taft will tread his way for 13,600 miles in his tour of the west was definitely mapped out today. The line runs through twenty-four states, while over 100 cities dotted in red show places for speeches on the tariff, reciprocity, conservation, arbitration and Alaska. The trip will begin at Boston September 15 and finish at Washington November 1, in time to hear the verdict of the election in some of the states six days later.

The president will head straight for Michigan, passing only a day or two in New York and Pennsylvania. From Michigan the route leads to Illinois, then through Missouri, Kansas, Iowa, Nebraska, Colorado, Wyoming, Utah, Idaho, Washington, Oregon, California, Montana, South Dakota, Minnesota, Wisconsin and finally to Chicago, Illinois and Washington.

In five states he will make no stops. The longest jump on the trip is 952 miles from Los Angeles to Salt Lake. The president will seldom go more than twenty or thirty miles without stopping to say a word either in some hall or from the rear platform of his car. Many millions of people will thus hear the president's voice or catch a glimpse of him.

PRICE OF WHEAT.

DURUM SURPASSED IN VALUE No. 1 Northern.

DULUTH, Sept. 5.—For the first time in five years Durum wheat today sold at a premium over No. 1 Northern. Several years ago Duluth traders began advocating the raising of Durum and Duluth is now one of the greatest Durum markets in the world. Many millions will not buy the grain unless they get it for considerably less than the northern grade. The rise today was caused by strong northern news. No. 1 Northern sold at 104 1/8, Durum 104 1/4.

TENTH ANNIVERSARY OF MCKINLEY TRAGEDY

BUFFALO, N. Y., Sept. 6.—Today marked the tenth anniversary of the assassination of President McKinley in this city, an event which caused the whole world to mourn and which changed the course of the history of the nation. The president was shot twice by the assassin Czolgoz, while in the Temple of Music at the Pan-American exposition, one bullet entering his stomach, the other perforating his stomach. He survived an operation, but died from his wounds eight days later. His death occurred in the home of John G. Milburn in this city, where Vice President Roosevelt took the oath of office as president of the United States an hour later. Arrangements are being made to hold the customary memorial exercises next Thursday on the anniversary of Mr. McKinley's death.

BELL HOP GIEDEL GETS TWENTY YSARS

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.—Paul Giedel a seventeen year old boy convicted of murdering William H. Jackson, a wealthy broker, in a room, at the Triquetra apartments, was sentenced to not less than twenty years in the penitentiary today.

THE WEATHER.
ARIZONA—Fair.

STORY TOLD SUDDEN END BEATTIE CASE

Last of Evidence in the Famous Murder Trial Put in Yesterday Afternoon

ARGUMENTS NEXT ON INSTRUCTIONS

Arguments to Jury Begin Tomorrow, Prosecution's Strong Point the Purchased Gun

CHESTERFIELD COURTHOUSE

Sept. 5.—With unexpected brevity, both the state and the defense in the trial of Henry Clay Beattie, Jr., under indictment for the murder of his wife, closed the evidence in the case shortly after 6 o'clock tonight. Judge Watson then announced that the court would adjourn until Thursday.

Tomorrow will be spent by counsel in arguments to the court as to the instructions to be given the jury before the arguments proper will begin on Thursday.

When court adjourned tonight, Beattie, Binford, aged seventeen, said by the prosecution to be the motive for the alleged murder of his wife by Beattie, was still in jail, without having testified. Another figure, Paul Beattie, a cousin of the accused, whose confession concerning the purchase of the shotgun for Henry four days before the homicide, led to the building of the case for the prosecution, is likewise kept in jail, but both he and Miss Binford are likely to be released tomorrow.

The taking of evidence today was along no well connected lines. A single question of importance by the prosecution put to the accused in its brief cross-examination early today was one on which the state has been practically basing its whole case against him.

The prosecution wanted to know how it happened that the gun, admittedly purchased by the cousin of the accused, and corroborated by witnesses for the defense as having been purchased on Saturday night before the murder, came to be in the hands of the very highwayman who killed Mrs. Beattie on the Midlothian Turnpike four days later.

The prisoner answered simply that he knew nothing of the purchase of a gun by his cousin Paul, and did not see the weapon until it was raised by the highwayman.

The prosecution centered its attention on the corroborating story of Paul Beattie not only as to the purchase of the gun but as to his presence on the veranda of the prisoner's home on the night following the crime when Paul contended that Henry confessed the crime to him.

Witnesses were brought forward today to contradict Paul, in that, while he was on the veranda that night, there were too many others there to admit of any private conversation such as he had testified to.

The principal witness in refuting this was Henry E. Owen, a brother of the dead woman, who said that Paul and Henry not only were alone on the veranda, but later he saw them alone inside the house.

G. HACKENSCHMIDT WANTS NEW MATCH

But Gotch Accepted His Offer to Post \$500 too Quickly

RUSSIAN LEAVES FOR HOME

CHICAGO, Sept. 5.—George Hackenschmidt left for New York this afternoon after offering to post \$5000 for a return private match with Gotch. He was accompanied by American and Koch, his two wrestling partners. He sails from New York on September 9 for his home in Russia.

The offer of a private return match with Gotch was contradicted by a later statement to the effect that after leaving New York he would never return to America again. The offer was immediately carried to Gotch, who accepted with a proviso that the match should occur within two months. This was not accepted by the Russian on the ground that his injured knee would not permit his return to the mat so soon.

Gotch is eager to return home, but his mother and wife will not be ready to leave until Saturday. They want to finish shopping, so Gotch can wait. Gotch's plans are incomplete, but it is said that he would not start on his world's tour for several months yet, spending the intervening time at his farm at home.

EIGHTY WERE DROWNED

LIMA, Peru, Sept. 5.—The Chilean steamer Lucapel, Captain Morrow, was wrecked with a total loss. Eighty-one persons were drowned. The Lucapel was engaged in trading on the west coast of South America.

BRITISH BAD LUCK AND AMERICAN SPEED

Left the Harmsworth Cup on This Side of the Water

HUNTINGTON, L. I., Sept. 5.—Superior speed and construction and perhaps an accident gave to America today the possession of Harmsworth motorboat international cup for another year. The Dixie IV, the speedy American defender, carried off the honors. But for an accident to the duke of Westminster's Pioneer, however, the British boat might have saved the day for the British challengers.

The Pioneer gained 200 feet the first round of the course, and on the second round, with all speed on, the engine collapsed. The Dixie ran ahead for four miles, and after that made no effort to increase the lead.

After reparing, the Pioneer started again but suffered another "blow up" and the committee boat megaphoned her not to finish. Disturber I hit an empty soap box, and a hole tore in her keel and she had to race to shore to keep from sinking. The crew got a ducking. The Dixie's victory is the seventh America has scored in the Harmsworth cup events.

BUCKEYE PRIMARIES OF LITTLE INTEREST

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 5.—Weather conditions were miserable in Ohio today for the primary and what was considered would be a thrilling base of ballots dwindled almost to nothing. The liquor question was the principal issue in the larger cities. The dries won several wet places and the wets likewise captured several dry spots.

In Columbus, Mayor George Marshall, conservative, won over two other republican candidates who were liberals. In Cleveland, Newton Baker, a protégé of the late Tom L. Johnson, was nominated by democrats. Frank C. Hogen was named by the republicans. In Columbus the democrats named George L. Karb, liberal. Cincinnati named Henry Hunt, democrat, and Louis Schwab, the present republican mayor, in Toledo State Senator Carl Kelly, "wet," was nominated by republicans, and will be opposed by Brand Whitlock, independent-liberal.

COMPANY FORMED FOR OCEAN MAIL

TRENTON, N. J., Sept. 5.—Announcement is made of the incorporation of the Atlantic and Pacific Transportation company of New Jersey, with a capital of \$15,000,000 and headquarters in Baltimore. The announcement given out says: "The company is formed to bid for the ocean mail services now being advertised for by the postmaster general. This calls for a weekly service from New York and Colon; New Orleans and Colon; San Francisco and Panama; fortnightly from Seattle and Panama, and it proposes to maintain these ocean routes and extend the service through the Panama canal from coast to coast."

The company is planning the construction of fifteen fast steamers that embrace the latest in ocean comfort and luxury, and at the same time comply with all the requirements of the "Ocean Mail Act."

According to the terms of the incorporation no one can be a director or officer of the company who is in any manner interested in any competing line.

"SOO'S" BAD SHOWING

Report Will Show Loss of 14 Per Cent for Year

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Sept. 5.—The annual report of the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Sault Ste Marie railroad, to be issued at noon, will show that the cost of operation has increased 7 per cent and the gross revenues decreased 14 per cent in the year ended June 30. Freight revenues will show a net loss of 14 per cent. A short grain crop is held responsible for the showing of the road.

OHIO MARKSMEN

SEAGIRT, Sept. 5.—Ohio marksmen showed to advantage in the Spencer cup shoot, Lieutenant Colonel Winter of that state winning the match, while seven other Buckeyes were among the prize winners. The match was at 1200 yards, fifteen shots. An incident of the day was 59 straight bullseyes at 800 yards by Captain Clifton, U. S. A., in practice.

SINALOA ELECTION.

Indications That Renteria Will Be the Next Governor.

CULIACAN, Sinaloa, Sept. 5.—Early returns from today's election indicate a sweeping victory for Jose L. Renteria, the candidate against Governor Banderas for governor of Sinaloa.

The result is taken to indicate that the populace does not approve Banderas' recent revolutionary utterances.

KRUTTSCHNITT UNSATISFYING NOTHING DONE

In the Course of His Conference With Representatives of Federated Shopmen

FRISCO MEETING BARREN OF RESULTS

Director of Maintenance of Harriman Lines Says Roads Cannot Make Any Concessions

KANSAS CITY, Sept. 5.—"Barren of results" is the way Julius Kruttschnitt, vice president of the Harriman system, described the outcome of the conference with the federated shopmen officials at San Francisco last week. Kruttschnitt is en route east.

He said: "I haven't heard anything from San Francisco since I left. I consider that the conference there was barren of results; that is, we do not accomplish anything, to chance the situation."

He refused to discuss the demands made by the men except to say they were the strongest ever put up by any railroad, and that conditions now do not warrant further concessions.

"The railroad business is poor all over the country," he said. "I don't think any drought conditions have anything to do with it. But when people don't buy goods, nor build houses, it means that the railroads suffer."

"What can you say regarding the general industrial conditions of the country, that is as to labor and capital?" he was asked.

"Oh! they will get along together. Just like a man and wife; they may have their spats but they are obliged to get along together."

STRIKE OR PEACE?

CHICAGO, Sept. 5.—Instead of ordering the federated shopmen of the Illinois Central to strike, the representatives of the nine international unions involved, tonight after an all day conference, decided to send a reply to the letter which President Markham of the railroad, flatly refused to recognize the officials of the federation. In the letter the unions take issue with Markham in his claim that the unions failed to give thirty days notice of the changes desired in working conditions.

The communication, which mailed by special delivery at 10 o'clock, contained another strike threat. It concluded as follows: "Until equality is recognized, justice cannot manifest itself, and should your attitude be persistent, such trouble as may result will not be of the union's desire, but of the seeking of yourself, and those whose interests you represent. There are too many people teaching details of conduct who do not even understand the first principles." The conference of union men will be resumed tomorrow. "We will not take hasty action," said President Kramer of the mechanics, "or radical steps for this is a serious business. We intend to weigh carefully every phase of the situation before final action is taken. All interests must be considered."

SENATOR BAILEY TIRED OF THE TOGA

FORT WORTH, Tex., Sept. 5.—The Record tomorrow will print a dispatch from Gainesville, Tex., announcing that United States Senator Joseph W. Bailey will not be a candidate for re-election. "I will not be a candidate for re-election to the senate next year, and this decision is irrevocable," Senator Bailey is quoted as saying. Senator Bailey declined tonight to assign reasons for his determination not to seek re-nomination.

Not Unexpected at Washington
WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—Bailey's announcement that he would not be a candidate for re-election was received with some surprise, though it was not unexpected. His difficulties with the democratic majority leaders reached a climax last March when after the democrats insisted upon approving the recall feature of the Arizona constitution, Bailey sent his resignation to Governor Colquitt, which was declined. The split came again in the vote on the free list when he was the only democrat to vote with the republicans against the alliance of democrats, and insurgent republicans.

EL PASO STATEHOOD CELEBRATION.

EL PASO, Sept. 5.—Official announcement was made today of the joint statehood celebration to be given at El Paso to welcome Arizona and New Mexico into the union. The festivities begin October 19 and continue three days. Governor Sloan of Arizona; Governor Mills of New Mexico; Governor Gonzales of Chihuahua and Governor Colquitt of Texas, accepted invitations to be present with their staffs.